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FACING PAGE WASH, D.C.
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder •

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/17 AND ENDING 12/31/17			
	WW/DD/AA		MM/DD/YY	
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	TION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Coastal Equities, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		lo.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
1201 North Orange Street, #72	9			
	(No. and Street)	,		
Wilmington	DE		<sup>^</sup> 19801	
(City)	(State)	(Zip	(Zîp Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P Charles Relling	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REGA	<u> </u>	302)250-4261	
			rea Code – Telephone Number	
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICAT	CION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in this	Report*		
Clark, Schaefer, Hackett, & Co.		•		
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, w	iddle name)		
One East Fourth Street	Cincinnati	Ohio	45202 ·	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:	•	~		
Certified Public Accountant	•	•	•	
Public Accountant				
Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its possession	s.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	•		
	•			

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, David Monahan	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying fit Coastal Equities, Inc.	nancial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31	20_17 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	or, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
<ul> <li>(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Su</li> <li>(g) Computation of Net Capital.</li> <li>(h) Computation for Determination of Res</li> <li>(i) Information Relating to the Possession</li> <li>(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate Computation for Determination of the</li> <li>(k) A Reconciliation between the audited a consolidation.</li> <li>(l) An Oath or Affirmation.</li> <li>(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Rep</li> </ul>	erve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.  To control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.  The explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.  The explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.  The explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.  The explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.  The explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary Wilmington, DE

# Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition of Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary (a Delaware Corporation) as of December 31, 2017 and the related notes (collectively referred to as the consolidated financial statement). In our opinion, the consolidated statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Coastal Equities; Inc. and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2017 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinion**

This consolidated financial statement is the responsibility of Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary's consolidated financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

# Other Matters

As discussed in Note 8 to the consolidated statement of financial condition, the Company is a party to various legal actions and regulatory examinations. Those actions claim substantial damages as a result of alleged regulatory violations, breach of contract and other matters. Management and legal counsel for the Company are of the opinion that the legal actions are without merit and settlement of the actions will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position. They are also of the opinion that they have properly accrued for any assessments that might materialize from the regulatory examinations. Nevertheless, it is at least reasonably possible that such an effect will occur, although the amount cannot be estimated. Settlement of the legal actions and regulatory examinations are expected within the next year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Clark, Acharger, Hashett & Co.

We have served as Coastal Equities, Inc's auditor since 2008.

Cincinnati, Ohio February 26, 2018

# Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,168,856
Accounts receivable:	
Commissions	636,672
Receivables from third parties	20,000
Receivables from Representatives	51,852
Receivable from affiliate	95,466
Advances	32,744
Prepaid expenses	57,577
Investments	30,593
Deposit with correspondent broker	29,335
Equipment and furnishings, at cost less accumulated depreciation of \$50,925	34,026
	\$ 2,157,121
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity:	
Commissions payable	\$ 839,316
Income taxes payable to parent company	140,392
Deferred Revenue	77,056
Accrued expenses	296,563
Accounts payable	105,844
Total liabilities	1,459,171
Stockholder's equity:	
Common stock, \$.01 par value -	
Authorized 200,000 shares,	
Issued and outstanding 10,000 shares	100
Capital in excess of par value	679,317
Retained earnings	18,533
	697,950
	\$ 2,157,121

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The following accounting principles and practices of Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary (the "Company") are set forth to facilitate the understanding of data presented in the financial statement:

# Description of business operations

The Company operates a securities broker and dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). It has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Coastal Equities Insurance Agency, Inc. that is currently dormant. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Orange Street Holdings, Inc. ("Orange Street").

The Company has independent brokers who operate offices in Arizona, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas and Washington. Its primary source of revenue is commissions for providing brokerage services to small businesses and individuals. Each broker receives a share of the commissions earned and is responsible for his or her own expenses.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# Revenue recognition

The Company records revenues (commissions and brokerage expenses) in two ways. First Clearing revenues and brokerage expenses directly related to securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. First Clearing represents approximately 63% of the Company's annual revenue. Non-First Clearing business is recorded when Coastal receives payment for a change to an investment sold to a customer. Revenue for the Company's annual conference is recognized when the conference is held in September of each year. Prior to that all monies received for the conference are booked as deferred revenue.

## Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all bank accounts, cash accounts with our clearing agent (First Clearing), and all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with original maturities of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

# Accounts receivable`

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to an allowance for doubtful accounts based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. If balances were still outstanding after management had used reasonable collection efforts, they would be written off through a charge to the allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. The Company had an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,047 as of December 31, 2017.

### Investments

Investments consist of a mutual fund that is valued at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are included in net income. The first-in, first-out method is used to determine realized gains and losses.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

The Company holds an annual conference in September of each year. Monies received in advance of the conference are booked to deferred revenue until the conference is held. As of December 31, 2017, the amount of deferred revenue received for the September 2018 conference is \$42,250.

The Company also receives funds from its clearing agent, First Clearing, to support recruitment of additional financial advisors. Funds received are subject to a clawback by First Clearing for four calendar quarters. The Company books funds received to deferred revenue until four calendar quarters are complete, then recognizes the amounts as revenue. As of December 31, 2017, the accumulated amount in deferred revenue is \$34,806.

## **Equipment & Furnishings**

Property and equipment consist mainly of furniture, fixtures, and equipment that are stated at cost and are being depreciated over estimated useful lives of three to five years using straight-line methods.

### Income taxes

As a wholly-owned subsidiary, the Company is part of the consolidated tax return filing of Orange Street Holdings. The Company, as a wholly-owned subsidiary of this consolidated group, is responsible for its share of its income tax allocated by its share of taxable income.

### Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-2, Leases, which among other things, requires the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees, including leases classified as operating leases under previous GAAP, along with disclosures of any information about leasing arrangements. The ASU is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the methods of adoption allowed by the new standard and the effect this standard is expected to have on our financial statements and related disclosures.

## Subsequent events

The Company evaluates events and transactions occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The accompanying financial statements consider events through February 26, 2018, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

# 2. DEPOSIT WITH CORRESPONDENT BROKER:

Because the Company does not handle customer securities or trades directly, it has entered into a relationship with a clearing, or correspondent, broker. As part of the terms of its contract with this broker, it maintains with them a \$25,000 deposit, held in a money-market fund. Interest earned on this account inures to the benefit of the Company.

## 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirect
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's
  own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the
  asset or liability.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2017.

# Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using

Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)		Total at <u>December 31, 2017</u>
Common stock	\$ 40	\$ 40
Mutual fund	<u>\$ 30,553</u>	<u>\$30,553</u>
	<u>\$30,593</u>	<u>\$30,593</u>

# 4. LEASE COMMITMENT:

The Company leases its main office facility in Wilmington, Delaware with monthly payments of \$2,883 plus administrative charges through March 2020. The Company's future lease commitments under this lease are \$31,313 for 2018, \$30,816 for 2019 and \$7,754 for 2020.

## 5. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND EXEMPT PROVISIONS UNDER RULE 15C3-3:

The Company is subject to the uniform net capital rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Rule15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceed 15 to 1 (as those terms are defined by the Rule). In addition, equity capital may not be withdrawn if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. As of December 31, 2017, the Company's net capital requirement was \$97,278. At December 31, 2017, the Company had net capital of \$291,981 which was \$194,703 in excess of the required amount, and aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 5.0 to 1.

### 6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Orange Street. Orange Street has three other subsidiaries: Coastal Investment Advisors, Inc. ("CIA"), Coastal Risk Advisors, LLC ("CRA") and Coastal Insurance Consulting, LLC ("CIC"). CIA is 100% owned by Orange Street. CRA is 99% owned by Orange Street. CIC is 50% owned by Orange Street.

The Company purchases errors and omissions insurance from an unaffiliated insurance company through CRA. Errors and omissions insurance expense amounted to \$61,447 net of reimbursements from registered representatives in 2017. Prepaid errors and omissions insurance amounted to \$25,016 at December 31, 2017.

During 2017, the Company began the year with an outstanding balance of \$4,957 and charged a further \$9,241 of miscellaneous operating expenses to CIC. CIC reimbursed the Company \$13,481 for these payments. At December 31, 2017, the Company has a \$717 receivable due from CIC.

During 2017 the Company began the year with an outstanding balance of \$41,415 and charged a further \$46,121 of miscellaneous operating expenses to CIA. At December 31, 2017, the Company has a receivable due from CIA of \$87,536 for the repayment of these expenses.

During 2017 CEI did not charge any expenses on behalf of CRA. As of December 31, 2017, CRA did not have any outstanding balance with the Company.

During 2017, the Company did not charge any expenses on behalf of Orange Street. At December 31, 2017, the Company has a receivable due from Orange Street of \$7,213 representing an outstanding balance from a prior year.

### 7. LITIGATION AND REGULATORY MATTERS

The Company is a co-respondent in an arbitration filed by a former Branch Principal of the firm. The claimant seeks damages of \$3,810,000 against the respondents. Claimant alleges that the Company "undermined" his branch and set him up to fail, thereby breaching his contract with the Company. Management believes the allegations are without merit and intends to vigorously defend its position. The Company has filed a counterclaim against the Claimant to recoup its losses. The hearing is

Coastal Equities, Inc. and Subsidiary Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2017

scheduled for April 2018. Any loss that might occur in this arbitration cannot be estimated at this time.

The Company is subject to a FINRA investigation concerning its bond desk trading. FINRA's investigation has not concluded, but FINRA currently contends that the firm allegedly overcharged approximately \$40,369 to its customers on certain trades. The firm disputes this amount and cannot at this time make a reasonable determination what amount, if any, FINRA will require the firm to refund to customers, as this investigation is on-going. The firm also cannot make a reasonable determination at this time whether a fine will be levied, and if so, the amount of any such fine. The firm feels an unfavorable outcome is probable and has accrued an estimated \$156,500 for potential fines.

The Company is a co-respondent in an arbitration filed by a former customer of the firm. Claimant is seeking damages in the amount of \$400,000. Claimant alleges the firm's registrant made unsuitable and/or unauthorized transactions in his account. Management believes the claims against the firm are without merit and intends to vigorously defend the matter. The Company has accrued \$50,000 against any possible exposure.

The Company is a co-respondent in an arbitration filed by a former customer of the firm. Claimant is seeking compensatory damages in the amount of \$93,791 for alleged negligence, violation of the Pennsylvania Securities Act, and breach of fiduciary duty. Management believes the claims against the firm are without merit and intends to vigorously defend the matter. The Company has accrued \$15,000 against any possible exposure.